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Technical	
(54)000000	(54) [Title of Invention]
	CONTAINING AROMATIC POLYCARBONATE, STYRENE-CONTAINING COPOLYMER AND/OR GRAFT POLYMER, AND POLYSILOXANE-POLYCARBONATE BLOCK COPOLYMER, POLYMER MIXTURE WHICH BECOMES AND THE GOODS WHICH THEN WAS FORMED
(51)0000000 6 00	(51) [International Patent Classification, 6th Edition]
C08L 69/00	C08L 69/00

//(C08L 69/00 //(C08L 69/00 25:04 25:04 55:02 55:02 83:10) 83:10) [FI] $\Box FI \Box$ C08L 69/00 C08L 69/00 [Number of Claims] 5 [Number of Pages in Document] 8 (56) [Cited Reference(s)] (56) [Literature] Japan Unexamined Patent Publication Hei5-88398(JP,A) [Literature] Japan Unexamined Patent Publication Hei5-65388(JP,A) [Literature] Japan Unexamined Patent Publication Hei4-225060(JP,A) [Literature] European Unexamined Patent Publication524731(EP,A) (58) [Field of Search] (58)00000000 000000600000C08L 69/00C08L 25/00 -(International Class6,DB*)C08L 69/00C08L 25/00 -25/16C08L 51/00 - 55/04C08L 83/10 - 83/12 (65) (65) [Publication Number of Unexamined Application (A)] Japan Unexamined Patent Publication Hei 6-279669 **Foreign Priority** (31)000000000 (31) [Priority Application Number] 9202090 (32)(32) [Priority Date] 1992December2* (33)00000000 (33) [Priority Country] Netherlands(NL) **Parties Assignees** (73) (73) [Patent Rights Holder] [Identification Number]

390041542 [Name] GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY [Name in Original Language] General Electric Company [Address] United States Of America, New York, Schenectady, River Road, 1* **Inventors** (72)(72) [Inventor] [Name] Johann**co-*Lis***sense [Address] Netherlands, 4708, E P*Rosen Dahl, A bar bell*, 7* (72)(72) [Inventor] [Name] **jp11 Burt*******Leona jp11 Das*glue Switzerland [Address] Netherlands, 4611, L. W*bell****P*zoom, Linde burn, 85* (72)(72) [Inventor] [Name] Hen*jp9***jp15*****Eugene**** [Address] Netherlands, 4707, S.**jp7*Rosen Dahl, buoy**bell*, 15* **Agents** (74)(74) [Attorney(s) Representing All Applicants] [Patent Attorney] [Name] Oinuma ** [Examiner] Okuma Koji Claims (57)000000000 (57)[Claim(s)] 0000 10 [Claim 1]

(B)DCDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDD
(C)000000-0000000000000; 0000(A)0000(B)0000(C)000 100 000000

Below-mentioned component (A) - (C): aromatic polycarbonate; which does not have the(A) polysiloxane block

With styrene-containing graft polymer which has (B) styrene-containing copolymer and/or rubbery graft base, said graft polymer of 50 - 100 weight% andthose which consist of said copolymer of 0 - 50 weight%; and

(C) polysiloxane-polycarbonate block copolymer;

component (A) and component (B) and per 100 parts by weight of total, of component (C)

component DDDDDweight %D	
component (C) \(\subseteq \subseteq \subseteq \text{end} \)	

□□□□□□□(C)□□□(a)□(II):

blend above-mentioned component (C) as Formula (a) (II):

[Chemical Formula 1]

0000000000 1-50 00%00(b)0(III):

polysiloxane block1-50weight% and Formula (b) (III):

[Chemical Formula 2]

$$\left(\begin{array}{c}
 & O \\
 & X_{1-4}
\end{array}\right) - O - C \\
 & X_{1-4}$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{c}
 & O \\
 & X_{1-4}
\end{array}\right)$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{c}
 & O \\
 & X_{1-4}
\end{array}\right)$$

Including polysiloxane-polycarbonate block copolymer which configuration is done with polycarbonate block50-99weight% (However, divalent hydrocarbon group, -S-, -S-S-, -S where R¹, R², R³, R⁶ each oneindependently display hydrogen atom, hydro carbyl group or halogenation hydro carbyl group mutually in theabove-mentioned Formula (II) and (III),; as for D with integer 5-140; as for Y with hydrogen atom or alkoxy group; as for A₁ have optionally substitutable1-15 carbon atoms (O) -, -S (O) ₂ -, -O-, or with -C-; And each X independently is hydrogen atom, halogen, or monovalent hydrocarbon group mutually.), the polymer mixture* which becomes and makes feature

0000 20

[Claim 2]

polycarbonate block of polysiloxane-polycarbonate block copolymer (C) which is included in said polymer mixture Formula (III):

[Chemical Formula 3]

00 40

unit75-99weight% and Formula of (In Formula, A₁ and X have aforementioned meaning.) (IV): [Chemical Formula 4]

$$\begin{bmatrix}
0 & 0 \\
\parallel & 0 \\
-C - A_2 - C
\end{bmatrix}$$

 (\mathbb{N})

 $(\Box\Box A_2 \ \Box \ 6-18 \ \Box)\Box\Box\Box$

000040

Specification

□0001□

It is something which configuration is done from aliphatic diester unit1-25weight% of (In Formula, A₂ is alkylene group which has 6 - 18 carbon atom.) and polymer mixture* which is stated in Claim 1 which is made feature

[Claim 3]

content of polysiloxane unit in component (C) and total of content of rubbery graft base in component (B), calculating component (A) and component (B) and onbasis of total weight of component (C), it is a range of 2.5 - 25 weight% and polymer mixture* which is stated in Claim 1 which is madefeature

[Claim 4]

said polymer mixture, graft does blend of styrene and derivative and/or acrylic monomer of the(2) methacrylonitrile and/or acrylonitrile and/or maleic anhydride and/or maleic anhydride where (1) styrene and/or;al -methylstyrene and/or aromatic core is substituted on (3) rubber component (B) as, containing graft polymer which is acquired by the polymer mixture* which is stated in Claim 1 which becomes and makesfeature

[Claim 5]

said polymer mixture, containing copolymer which configuration is done from unit which was induced from derivative and/or acrylic monomer of styrene and (2) methacrylonitrile and/or acrylonitrile and/or maleic anhydride and/or maleic anhydride where(1) styrene and/or;al -methylstyrene and/or aromatic core is substituted component (B) as, polymer mixture* whichis stated in Claim 1 which becomes and makes feature

[Description of the Invention]

[0001]

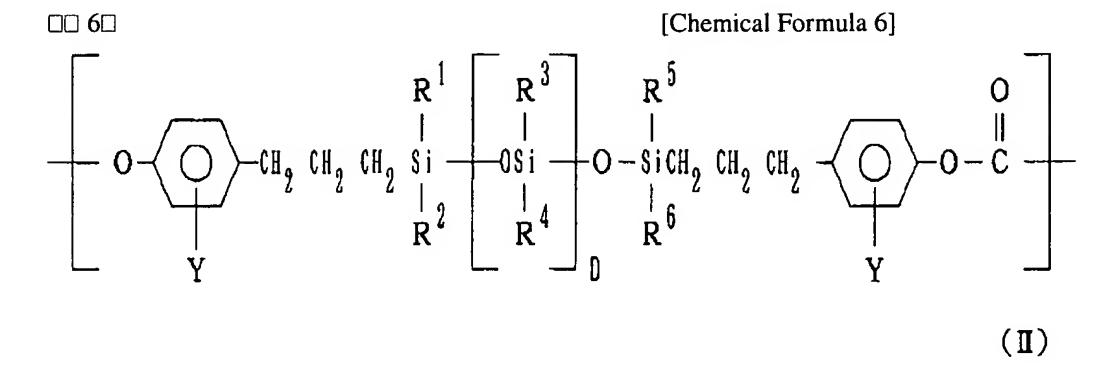
[Field of Industrial Application]

this invention containing aromatic polycarbonate, (B) styrene-containing copolymer and/or styrene-containing graft polymer, and (C) polysiloxane-polycarbonate block copolymer which do notinclude (A) polysiloxane block, regards polymer mixture which becomes.

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□0002□ [0002] [Prior Art] Containing aromatic polycarbonate, styrene-containing graft polymer, for exampleABS, and polysiloxane-polycarbonate 000000000000(EP)-A-0135794 00000 block copolymer, polymer mixture which becomes European Patent (EP) is disclosed in -A-0135794 specification. Regarding this Prior Art, Formula (I): □0003□ [0003] [Chemical Formula 5] (1)□0004□ [0004] Including polysiloxane block, polysiloxane-polycarbonate block copolymer which becomes is used. In above Formula (I), Ar is arylene group which is acquired from the biphenol. EP-A-0135794 00000000(I)00000000 According to EP-A-0135794specification, containing polysiloxane block2.5-25weight% of Formula (I), and the 97.5-75 block97.5-75weight% which has polycarbonate structure block copolymer which becomes is used. When consisting of blend of polycarbonate to which polymer mixture which youfollow EP-A-0135794specification does not include polysiloxane-polycarbonate block copolymer or polysiloxane block, content of polysiloxane block in this blend must be range of 2.5 or 25 weight%. □0005□ [0005] [Gist of Invention] As for this invention, as for polymer mixture which has property which isimproved when it can acquire a certain specific polysiloxane-polycarbonate block copolymer is used with, it is something which is based on knowledge. Especially, according to this system, polymer mixture which hassatisfactorier impact strength can be acquired. □0006□ [0006] Regarding polymer mixture which you follow this invention, following component: (a) \square (II): Formula (a) (II): □0007□

[0007]



□0008□

□□□□□□□□□□□ 1-50 □□%;□□(b)□(HI):

□0009□

00 70

$$\left(\begin{array}{c}
 & O \\
 & X_{1-4}
\end{array}\right) - \left(\begin{array}{c}
 & O \\
 & X_{1-4}
\end{array}\right)$$

[8000]

polysiloxane block1-50weight%; and Formula (b) (III):

[0009]

[Chemical Formula 7]

(III)

□0010□

[0010]

polysiloxane-polycarbonate block copolymer which configuration is done is used from polycarbonate block50-99weight%;.

In above Formula (II) and (III), R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁵ and R⁶ each one independently display hydrogen atom, hydro carbyl group or halogenation hydro carbyl group mutually and; as for the D with integer 5 - 140; as for Y with hydrogen atom or the alkoxy group; as for A₁ divalent hydrocarbon group, -S-, -S-S-, -S which has optionally substitutable1-15 carbon atoms (O) -, -S the(O) ₂-, -O-, or; and as for each X independently it is a hydrogen atom, halogen, or a monovalent hydrocarbon group mutually with -C-.

[0011]

In polymer mixture which you follow {detailed disclosure of invention} this invention, before with polysiloxane-polycarbonate block copolymer of type which was inscribed, as for 75 - 99 weight% of polycarbonate block beforeas for unit, and 1 - 25 weight% of Formula (III) which was inscribed Formula (IV):

[0012]

 $\square 0011\square$

□0012□

$$\left[\begin{array}{c} O & O \\ \parallel \\ O - C - A_2 - C \end{array} \right]$$

□0013□

□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□(A)□□□□(B)□□ □□(C)□□□ 100 □□□□□□□

- □□(A)50-90 □□%□□□□□□□□ 60-80 □□%;
- 00(B)2-40 00%000000 5-20 00%;00
- \(\subseteq (C) 2-40 \subseteq \text{\pi} \sigma \text{\pi} \sigma

□0014□

□0015□

[Chemical Formula 8]

(IV)

[0013]

Those of type which configuration is done can be used from aliphatic diester unit of (In Formula, as for A₂; and A₁ and X haveaforementioned meaning with alkylene group which has 6 - 18 carbon atom.).

As for polymer mixture which you follow this invention, preferably, component (A) and component (B) and per 100 parts by weight of total, of component (C)

-component (A) 50 - 90 weight%, more preferably60-80weight%;

-component (B) 2 - 40 weight%, more preferably5-20weight%; and

-component (C) 2 - 40 weight%, more preferably5-20weight%;

Being something which empty configuration is done, furthermore, component (B) becomes including said graft polymer of 50 - 100 weight% and said copolymer of 0 -50 weight%.

[0014]

content of polysiloxane unit in component (C) and total of content of rubbery graft base in component (B) calculating component (A) and component (B) and on the basis of total weight of component (C), are inside range of 2.5 or 25 weight%, it is desirable.

blend of styrene and derivative and/or acrylic monomer of (2) methacrylonitrile and/or acrylonitrile and/or maleic anhydride and/or maleic anhydride where (1) styrene and/or;al -methylstyrene and/or aromatic core is substituted graft is done on (3) rubber, as styrene-containing graft polymer which has rubbery graft base, uses in polymer mixture which follows the graft polymer which is acquired by this invention is desirable.

[0015]

polymer mixture which you follow this invention can contain copolymer which the configuration is done from derivative and/or acrylic monomer of styrene and (2) methacrylonitrile and/or acrylonitrile and/or maleic anhydride and/or maleic anhydride where the(1) styrene and/or;al -methylstyrene and/or aromatic core is substituted as styrene-containing

			copolymer.				
□0016□			[0016]				
	100000 100000		When polymer mixture which you follow this invention you mention earlier contain blend of styrene copolymer and styrene graft polymer can.				
			In addition as for this invention, it is something which offers goods which was formed from polymer mixture which you follow this invention.				
			polymer mixture which you follow this invention has little, * component is contained.				
			namely,				
A. 0000000000	;00		A. aromatic po	olycarbonate; and			
B. 00000000	1 0 0/0000000		B. styrene-congraft polymer;	taining copolymer and/or styrene-containing and			
C. 000000-000			C. polysiloxan	ne-polycarbonate block copolymer*			
□0017□			[0017]				
			polymer mixture which you follow this invention furthermore can contain one kind of following component or above that.				
			namely,				
	WT-18-		or annual and the desired the second				
	flame retarding	agent□					
				additive□			
			Being attached, you explain.				
A. 000000000000000000000000000000000000			aromatic polycarbonate which does not include A. polysiloxane block				
			aromatic polycarbonate is that itself known substance.				
]@@@@@@@@@]@@@@@@@@@@		These of bivalent phenol compound and are produced generally with reaction with the carbonate precursor, for example phosgene, haloformate or carbonate ester.				
	V):		As for aromatic polycarbonate Formula (V):				
□0018□			[0018]				
□□ 9 □			[Chemical Formula 9]				
	0						
$\leftarrow O-A_3-O-$	- C -)-			(V)			

□0019□	[0019]
(000 A ₃ 000000000000000000000000000000000000	Including unit of (In Formula, A ₃ is divalent aromatic group which is induced from bivalent phenol which is used for production of said polymer.), it is a polymer which becomes.
	Each one monocycle or polycyclic aromatic compound which includes hydroxyl group of 2 the direct bond it is done at time of producing aromatic polycarbonate in carbon atom of aromatic core it can use as bivalent phenol.
	When it is stated in for example U. S. Patent No.4,001,184specification, also that itself known branched polycarbonate issuitable.
□0020□	[0020]
	ester precursor, for example terephthalic acid or polymerization reaction is done under existing of bifunctional carboxylic acid, like the ester-forming derivative, also so-called polyester carbonate which is acquired by is suitable aromatic polycarbonate.
	These polyester carbonate have ester compound and carbonate compound in polymer chain.
	polyester carbonate is stated in for example U. S. Patent No.3,169,121specification.
□0021□	[0021]
	It can also use blend of various polycarbonate.
B. 000000000000000000000000000000000000	styrene-containing graft polymer which has base for B. styrene-containing copolymer and/or rubbery graft
00000000000000000000000000000000000000	suitable styrene-containing copolymer and suitable styrene-containing graft polymer are stated in for example EP-A-0174493 number and EP-A-0135794specification.
□0022□	[0022]
00000000(1)00000(2)0000000 00000000000000000000000	styrene-containing copolymer (1) styrene and/or;al -methylstyrene and/or aromatic core is copolymer which configuration is done from unit which is induced from derivative and/or acrylic monomer of styrene compound and (2) acrylonitrile and/or methacrylonitrile and/or maleic anhydride and/or maleic anhydride which are substituted in.
00000000000000000000000000000000000000	suitable derivative of maleic anhydride is maleimide and N-phenyl maleimide.
0000 0000	Example of suitable acrylic monomer is methyl methacrylate, (meth) acrylic acid.
00000000000000000000000000000000000000	Being that itself known, these following to method which is usually used for production of copolymer it can acquire these copolymer.
□0023□	[0023]

	blend of monomer of at least two kinds grafting it does styrene-containing graft polymer on the base for rubbery graft, it is acquired by.
000000 00000	Example of base for suitable graft is polybutadiene, butadiene-styrene copolymer.
00 00 00000000000000000000000000000000	It is thought that also other rubber, for example acrylate rubber and EPDM rubber are suitable.
	Next, monomer blend grafting is done on said rubber.
	suitable monomer is shown in aforementioned Claim 5.
C. 000000-000000000000000000000000000000	C. polysiloxane-polycarbonate block copolymer
	When polymer mixture which you follow this invention it is shown in theaforementioned Claim 1 or 2 polysiloxane-polycarbonate block copolymer contains.
1992	When in aforementioned Claim 1 specific it is done, in EP-A-92305883specification (priority right which is based on 1991 July1 day attaching U.S. Patent ApplicationSN.724,022 numbers) of 1992 June25 day applications block copolymer and those production method are disclosed.
□0024□	[0024]
1992 6 25 0000 EP-A-92305886 0000(1991 0 7 0 1 000000000000000000000000	When in aforementioned Claim 2 specific it is done, in EP-A-92305886specification (priority right which is based on 1991 July1 day attaching U.S. Patent ApplicationSN.724,018 numbers) of 1992 June25 day applications block copolymer and those production method are disclosed.
	When it is used for this invention, polymer mixture of polycarbonate and block copolymer is disclosed in EP-A-92305885 specification (priority right which is based on 1991 July1 day attaching U.S. Patent Application SN.724,023 numbers) of 1992 June 25 day applications.
□0025□	[0025]
	It can use in polymer mixture which follows everything of polysiloxane-polycarbonate block copolymer which isstated in patent application specification of aforementioned 3 cases this invention.
D. 0000	D. flame retarding agent
	polymer mixture which you follow this invention one kind or can contain the flame retarding agent above that.
	flame resistance of polycarbonate polymer and/or styrene-containing copolymer or styrene-containing graft polymer is improved can use everything ofusual flame retarding agent which is suited.
	flame retarding agent which is shown next is something for illustrating:
- CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC;- CCCCCCC	salt;- halogen-containing low molecular weight and/or high

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)/CDDDDDDD;DD/DD	molecular weight compound; and/or which has flame resistance vis-a-vis -aromatic polycarbonate						
	perfluoro alkane polymer□and/or							
	synergistic agent $\square\square\square$ active metal							
`	 	Time poly (aryl-arylene phosphate) or poly (alkalyl-arylene phosphate).						
□ 0026 [[0026]						
)DOODAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA	salt which has flame resistation including the polycarbonate polymer mixture which because	e, is used for l	•		vis		
		It can use for polymer mixt these salt whichare suited for contains polycarbonate this	or one for poly		•			
)	Especially, salt and sodium potassium salt, perfluorinate example diphenylsulfone suinorganic sulfonate, for example denzenesulfonate, sulfone sulfonate, sulfone sulfonate, sulfone sulfonate.	tion alkane sululfonate of the imple trichloro	fonic aci organic o sodium	d of salt and	, for		
□0027□		[0027]						
	10000000000000000000000000000000000000	Example of suitable haloge bromo diphenylether, octal diphenylether and furtherm induced from oligomer or p example tetrabromobispher induced from polyphenylen	bromo biphengore thing or coolymeric bromol A includes	yl, octa bore brome on the contact also the	oromo ine which npound, se which	for		
		tetra fluoro ethylene polymalkane polymer.	er is used as p	referably	/ perfluo	oro ·		
)DDCDQQQQQDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDD	polymer mixture which you active metal or the metal cooxide etc furthermore as sy	ompound, for e	example				
		These synergistic agent usu halogen containing compou	•	combinir	ıg with			
E. 🗆		E. usual additive						
)=====================================	polymer mixture which you to component whichyou me or additive, for example fill pigment and dye, plasticize activity agent where or more	ention earlier, ler, reinforcing r, mold release	can cont g fiber, so e and ant	ain one l tabilizer, tistatic	kind		
□0028□		[0028]						

polymer mixture following to usual method for producing polymer mixture, the kneading does for example necessary component in extruder, it can acquire with. polymer mixture which you follow this invention component (A) + (B) per 100 parts by weight, following component of + (C) can contain (D) and (E). D. one kind or flame resistance modifier 0-20 parts by weight; and/or above that E. usual additive0-100parts by weight* E. 000000 0-100 0000 □0029□ [0029] {Statement of Working Example } Working Example (Working ExampleI or VIII) and listing Comparative Example (Comparative ExampleA or F) next, furthermore you explain this invention concretely. Following component was used regarding Comparative ExampleA and Working ExampleI, II and III of thenext description. aromatic polycarbonate homopolymer; which has weight average molecular weight25,500 which was induced from PC-1: bisphenol A, and phosgene does not include polysiloxane block aromatic polycarbonate homopolymer; which has weight average molecular weight28,000 which was induced from PC-2: bisphenol A, and phosgene does not include polysiloxane block ABS: styrene and acrylonitrile on butadiene rubber graft bond graft copolymer; which the configuration is done substantially from butadiene rubber which has rubber content ofapproximately 50 weight% which are done weight ratio72:28 of SAN-1:styrene:acrylonitrile styrene-acrylonitrile copolymer; which has weight average □; molecular weight of having and 100,000 SAN-2:0000:000000000 72:28 00000 weight ratio72:28 of SAN-2:styrene:acrylonitrile 130,000 styrene-acrylonitrile copolymer; which has weight average □; molecular weight of having and 130,000 polysiloxane block43 wt% of LR: Formula (I) (Aforementioned reference) and polysiloxane-polycarbonate block copolymer* which has polycarbonate block57weight% of the Formula (III) (Aforementioned reference) Everything of R group in Formula (I) displays methyl group, as for the Ar with arylene group which was induced from 10 0000 bisphenol A, and, total of a+b+c is being even, 10. □0030□ [0030] weight average molecular weight of LR is approximately

60,000.

XT-1: O(II) (0000)0000000000 43 00%0 00(III)(0000)00000000000 57 00%0000 000000-0000000000000	polysiloxane block43 wt% of XT-1: Formula (II) (Aforementioned reference) and polysiloxane-polycarbonate block copolymer* which has polycarbonate block57weight% of the Formula (III) (Aforementioned reference)
	In Formula, as for R ¹ and R ² with all methyl group, as for D being even, with 10, as for Y with hydrogen atom, 2 and 2-propyl group you display A ₁ , and X is hydrogen atom.
□0031□	[0031]
XT-1 00000000 50,000 0000	weight average molecular weight of XT-1 is approximately 50,000.
XT-2: (II)(0000)00000000000000000000000000000	polysiloxane block20weight% of XT-2: Formula (II) (Aforementioned reference) and polysiloxane-polycarbonate block copolymer* which has polycarbonate block80weight% of the Formula (III) (Aforementioned reference)
	In Formula, R ¹ and R ² everything with methyl group, the D being even, with 50, as for Y with hydrogen atom, as for the A ₁ with 2 and 2 -propyl group, and as for X are hydrogen atom.
□0032□	[0032]
XT-2 ======== 30,000 ====	weight average molecular weight of XT-2 is approximately 30,000.
00000000000000000000000000000000000000	From component which mentions earlier various polymer mixture, however using at the Table A of postscript and ratio which is shown in chart B, it produced.
000 A 000 F 000000000000000000000000000	As for Comparative ExampleA or F being something regarding Comparative Example which shows Prior Art, as for Working ExampleI or VIII it is somethingregarding polymer mixture which you follow this invention.
	component which is appointed kneading it does these various polymer mixture in the extruder, it produced with.
	extrusion body which is acquired was formed next in pellet.
00000000000000000000000000000000000000	It produced standardization test rod from pellet with injection molding, measured those notched Izod impact strength with various temperature and (In ASTM test methodD256 following), furthermore it measured also notched impact strength with char P (charpy) test (In DINtest method53453 following).
□0033□	[0033]
ISO DCD 1133 DCDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDD	It measured also melt viscosity exponent which you follow ISOtest method1133.
	These test result are recorded to Table A and chart B ofpostscript.
\Box A	Table A

								Working Example (Comparative Example) A BC I II III						
								composition (parts by weight)						
□□□ No. 73 74 76 81 83 85								compositionNo. 73 74 76 81 83 85						
PC-1 60 55 58 48 55 58								PC-1 60 55	PC-1 60 55 58 48 55 58					
SAN-1 22 22 22 22 22 22								SAN-1 22 2	2 22 22 22	2 22				
ABS 18 18 10 10 18 10							ABS 18 18	10 10 18 1	.0					
LR - 5 10								LR - 5 10	· -					
XT-1 5 10							XT-15	10						
XT-2 20 -	· -							XT-2 20						
(%) 9	0.0 11.3 9.3	3 9.0	11.3 9	0.3				rubber conte	ent (weigh	t%)9.0	011.39.	39.011.39.	3	
								property						
□□□,260□/5kg	3				1	2		16	80	19		12	14	
,260	g			;	1	12		16	80	19		12	14	
						<u> </u>				"				_
notched Polyg (indigoplant le		toriur	n		jp7		***************************************							
□□□□□ +23□ -20□ -49□			5	570390200		540270120	205030	53052	20430	620500290	0 620490280			
impact strength □ +23□ -20□ -49□			5	570390200		540270120	205030	53052	20430	620500290	620490280			
				1		···								
char P notched	1						White the state of							
+23_					25	9		32	16	54		43	41	
impact strengt	h □ +23□]			29	9		32	16	54		43	41	
**************************************)9000 3000	000C	LROX	T-1			polybutadier *rubber cont displayed as	ent:ABS f	from po	olysilox	ane content	-1 or XT-2 in t, in it	
□0034□							,	[0034]						
				•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••						į				
					TX7	, _	¥ 71	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	X77	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	* ****			
					IV		V	i	VI		VIII			
Working Example							V		VI		VIII			
														

□Comparative Example□					i						
0000000 000000 91 92 93 94 0000 57 60 64 58 00000 25 25 25 25 000 18 10 6 0 00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0							95 60 25 10 □ 5 □ 7. 15620530210	96 54 25 10	97 58 25 6 □ □ 11 5. 18650560190	98 39 25 □ □ □ 36 7.2 20480890570	
composition□parts by weight□ composition□□□ 91 92 93 94 PC□□ 57 60 64 58 □□□□□ 25 25 25 25 □□□ 18 10 6 □ □□ 5 5 17 □□□□ □ □ □ □ □□□□□ □ □ □ rubber content □weight%□ 9.0 7.2 5.2 7. property □□□ 260□□ 5kg 11 20 29 16 notched Izod impact strength □ +23□ 570 480 510 540 -20□ 480 150 150 470 -40□ 280 150 80 370 char P notched						5 25 	95 60 25 10 □ 5□□ 7.□ 15620530210	96 54 25 10 □ □ □1□7. 17670600170	97 58 25 6 □ □ 1□5. 18650560190	98 39 25 □ □ □ □6□7.2 20480890570	
	+23□	19	16	30	38	45	44	46	31		
□□ impact strength	+23□	19	16	30	38	45	44	46	331	·	
*000:0 A 0							Note referen	ce under *rubber	content:Table A.	,	
□0035□							[0035]				
□ A □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□					<u> </u>	usual polysil	From Table A, addition (Comparative ExampleB and C) of usual polysiloxane-polycarbonate block copolymer brings marked decrease of impact strength, it is recognized.				
							As for this concerning notched impact value which you follow notched impact value and the char P method in all measurement temperature which you follow Izod method it isapplicable.				
							Also melt viscosity exponent increases.				
00000000000000000000000000000000000000							Regarding Working Example (I, II and III) which you follow this invention being satisfactory comparison with measured value in Comparative ExampleA where satisfactory notched impact value is acquired for most part by always, these does not include the polysiloxane-polycarbonate block copolymer, always many times it shows satisfactory value at least furthermore incomparison with when it is a Comparative ExampleB and a C which use usual polysiloxane-polycarbonate block copolymer.				
							melt viscosit much.	melt viscosity exponent does not show marked increase that much.			

[0036]

With Working Example and Comparative Example which you

follow chart B, another polycarbonate (Those which have a

 $\square 0036 \square$

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higher molecular weight.) and another styrene-acrylonitrile copolymer (Those which have a higher molecular weight.) was used.

These results show status which is similar to result of the Table A.

As for patent and patent application specification which quotation are done you regard thething which is incorporated in this specification as reference material of the this invention

on description above.